

SENIOR DIVISION SOLUTIONS**1. Boolean Algebra**

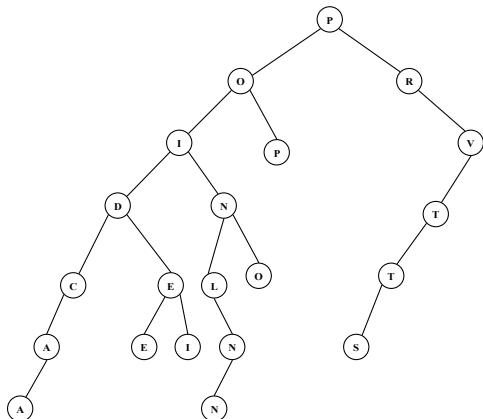
$$\begin{aligned}
 \overline{\overline{A}(B + \overline{C})} + \overline{BC} + \overline{ABC} &= \overline{\overline{A}} + \overline{B + \overline{C}} + \overline{B} + \overline{C} + \overline{\overline{A}} + \overline{B} + \overline{\overline{C}} \\
 &= A + \overline{B\overline{C}} + \overline{B} + C + A + \overline{B} + C \\
 &= A + \overline{B}(C + 1) + C = A + \overline{B} + C
 \end{aligned}$$

1. $A + \overline{B} + C$

2. Boolean Algebra

$$\begin{aligned}
 &A(\overline{BC} + \overline{AC})(\overline{AB} + BC) + \overline{AB}(A + \overline{AB})(\overline{B} + \overline{C}) \\
 &= \overline{A} + \overline{BC} + \overline{AC} + \overline{AB} + BC + (\overline{A} + \overline{B} + A + \overline{AB})(\overline{B}\overline{C}) \\
 &= \overline{A} + \overline{BC}\overline{AC} + \overline{AB}\overline{BC} + ABC + BC + \overline{A}\overline{AB}BC \\
 &= \overline{A} + (\overline{B} + \overline{C})(\overline{A} + \overline{C}) + (\overline{A} + \overline{B})(\overline{B} + \overline{C}) + ABC + BC + \overline{ABC}(\overline{A} + \overline{B}) = \\
 &\overline{A} + \overline{AB} + BC + \overline{AC} + \overline{CC} + \overline{AB} + \overline{AC} + B\overline{B} + B\overline{C} + ABC + BC + A\overline{ABC} + \overline{AB}\overline{BC} \\
 &= \overline{A} + \overline{AB} + BC + \overline{AC} + \overline{AB} + \overline{AC} + B\overline{C} + ABC \\
 &= \overline{A}(1 + B + \overline{C}) + BC(1 + A) + \overline{AB} + \overline{AC} + B\overline{C} \\
 &= \overline{A} + B(C + \overline{C}) + AB + AC = \overline{A} + B + A\overline{B} + AC
 \end{aligned}$$

If FALSE, then $\overline{A} = 0 \wedge B = 0 \wedge A\overline{B} = 0 \wedge A\overline{C} = 0$. But if $A = 1 \wedge B = 0$, then $A\overline{B} = 1$ which results in a contradiction. Therefore 0 make it FALSE.

3. Data Structures

The binary search tree is at the left. The internal path length is calculated as follows:
 $2*1 + 3*2 + 3*3 + 5*4 + 5*5 + 2*6 = 74$.
The official name of the state is The State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations. The longest name is for the smallest state.

3. 74

SENIOR DIVISION SOLUTIONS**4. Data Structures**

The queue is constructed using FIFO as follows: R, RO, O, OG, GO, GOE, GOER, OER, REO, REOW, REOWI, REOWIL, LIWOER, IWOER, IWOERL, WOERL, WOERLI, ILREOW, ILREOWA, ILREOWAM, LREOWAM, REOWAM, REOWAMS, SMAWOER .

The next item popped in the queue is S.

The stack is constructed using LIFO as follows: R, RO, R, RG, GR, GRE, GRER, GRE, ERG, ERGW, ERGWI, ERGWIL, LIWGRE, LIWGR, LIWGRL, LIWGR, LIWGRI, IRGWIL, IRGWILA, IRGWILAM, IRGWILA, IRGWIL, IRGWILS, SLIWGRI.

The next item popped in the stack is I.

Roger Williams founded the colony of Rhode Island in 1636.

4. Queue: S

Stack: I

5. Regular Expressions

[1-9]*[a-j][k-z]*.[o,c]*[!o,u]

- A. 18csl.ooo - no match since last character cannot be o or u
- B. 1718acs1.com - no match since c is not valid in [a-j]
- C. 40thyr.cov - no match since 0 is not in [1-9]
- D. allst.or - matches
- E. 1978ricsl.m - no match since r is not valid in [a-j] and c is not valid in [k-z]*

5. D