

## SENIOR DIVISION SOLUTIONS

**1. Computer Number Systems**

There is only 1 single bit that works: 1. There is only 1 2-bit number that works: 11. There are 3 3-bit numbers: 101, 110, and 111. There are 4 4-bit numbers: 1011, 1101, 1110, 1111. There are 11 5-bit numbers: 10011, 10101, 10110, 10111, 11001, 11010, 11011, 11100, 11101, 11110, 11111. This makes a total of 20.

1. 20

**2. Computer Number Systems**

$$\begin{aligned} 201718 &= 6 * 8^5 + 1 * 8^4 + 1 * 8^3 + 7 * 8^2 + 6 * 8 + 6 \\ &= 611766_8 \end{aligned}$$

2.  $611766_8$  or 611766**3. Recursive Functions**

The initial stage is a single triangle. On each side a new one is constructed. Now there are 4 triangles. Six new ones can be added to each of six perimeter segments. Now there are 10. Six new triangles are added with 2 new perimeter segments each and 3 with only one segment. This makes a total of 19. The sequence formed is: 1, 4, 10, 19, 31,... So the 7<sup>th</sup> term is 64.

3. 64

**4. Recursive Functions**

$$\begin{aligned} f(7, 5) &= f(6, 4) + f(6, 5) = 10 + 5 = 15 \\ f(6, 5) &= 5 \\ f(6, 4) &= f(5, 3) + f(5, 4) = 6 + 4 = 10 \\ f(5, 4) &= 4 \\ f(5, 3) &= f(4, 2) + f(4, 3) = 3 + 3 = 6 \\ f(4, 3) &= 3 \\ f(4, 2) &= f(3, 1) + f(3, 2) = 2 + 1 = 3 \\ f(3, 2) &= 2 \\ f(3, 1) &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Now substitute backwards.

4. 15

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**5. What Does This Program Do?**

The table contains the values of **a**, **b**, **c**, **d**, **e**, and **f** after each line.

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>	<b>d</b>	<b>e</b>	<b>f</b>
0	2	2	-1	4	
0	2	2	-1	4	2
0	4	2	-1	4	2
16	4	2	-1	4	2
4	4	2	-1	4	2
4	4	2	-1	24	2
6	4	2	-1	24	2
6	20	2	-1	24	2
6	10	2	-1	24	2
36	10	2	-1	24	2
36	10	4	-1	24	2

$$\begin{aligned} & a / (b + f) - e / (d * c) - (10 * b) / (a / f + c / f) \\ &= 36 / (10 + 2) - 24 / (-1 * 4) - (10 * 10) / (36 / 2 + 4 / 2) \\ &= 36 / 12 - 24 / (-4) - (100 / 20) \\ &= 3 + 6 - 5 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

5. 4